Single-Cell Analysis of the Multicellular Ecosystem in Viral Carcinogenesis by HTLV-1  

Précis: High-dimensional single-cell landscape of immune alterations during HTLV-1 infection and leukemogenesis identifies hallmarks of premalignant and malignant T-cell states and the accompanying shift of systemic immune state toward myeloid and immunosuppressive.

Bortezomib Induces Anti–Multiple Myeloma Immune Response Mediated by cGAS/STING Pathway Activation  

Précis: Robust antitumor immune response contributes to bortezomib clinical efficacy in myeloma. Induction of immunogenic cell demise and viral mimicry response via the STING pathway identifies a novel therapeutically targetable vulnerability.

See commentary, p. 405

Mutation Signatures of Pediatric Acute Myeloid Leukemia and Normal Blood Progenitors Associated with Differential Patient Outcomes  

Précis: A subset of pediatric AML cases harbors more somatic mutations in their genomes compared to normal blood progenitors. This subset displays expression profiles that resemble more committed progenitors and associates with better patient survival.

Inhibition of MET Signaling with Ficlatuzumab in Combination with Chemotherapy in Refractory AML: Clinical Outcomes and High-Dimensional Analysis  

Précis: A phase Ib trial of ficlatuzumab and cytarabine in high-risk AML reports a favorable safety profile and promising clinical activity. Multidimensional single-cell analyses collected before and after therapy identify several candidate prospective and pharmacodynamic biomarkers of response.
ZBTB33 Is Mutated in Clonal Hematopoiesis and Myelodysplastic Syndromes and Impacts RNA Splicing


Précis: Clonal ZBTB33 mutations are detected within blood sequencing datasets of healthy donors and in several MDS patients, identifying ZBTB33 as a candidate driver of clonal hematopoiesis. Mouse hematopoietic stem cells with Zbtb33 mutations exhibit clonal expansion and changes in RNA splicing.

Monocytic Differentiation and AHR Signaling as Primary Nodes of BET Inhibitor Response in Acute Myeloid Leukemia


Précis: BET inhibitor (BETi) response is governed by leukemia differentiation state, with monocytic AMLs exhibiting intrinsic sensitivity due to expression of transcription factors that recruit histone acetylation machinery—BETi targets.

A Method for Overcoming Plasma Protein Inhibition of Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors

D.J. Young, B. Nguyen, L. Li, T. Higashimoto, M.J. Levis, J.O. Liu, and D. Small

Précis: Plasma protein binding reduces potency of staurosporine-derived tyrosine kinase inhibitors against Flt3-mutant AML. “Decoy” drugs interfering with the binding, including mifepristone, can be harnessed to restore the antileukemia activity.

In this issue, Keisuke Kataoka and colleagues map the trajectory of adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma (ATL) development driven by HTLV-1 infection in a large cohort of ATL patients, asymptomatic HTLV-1 carriers, and healthy controls. The study maps at single-cell resolution the cellular ecosystem populating the systemic immune landscape. It identifies biologically and clinically relevant cues to navigate this high-dimensional space, including phenotypic hallmark of premalignant clonal expansion. By tracking clonal evolution of the infected T cells toward malignancy, the authors reveal that the neoplastic transformation develops hand in hand with alterations in the noninfected lymphoid and myeloid compartments, including PD-L1 protein transfer from malignant T cells to their neighbors. For details, please see the article on page 450.

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BLOOD CANCER DISCOVERY

2 (5)


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